Qualcomm

San Diego, CA

July 2023

Towards an Al-native communications system design

A closer look at how AI can substantively improve wireless performance starting with 5G Advanced



Today's agenda

ONE

The rise of AI brings a unique opportunity to revolutionize the future of wireless technology

TWO

Al plays an essential role in every part of the cellular system, transforming how it evolves going forward

THREE

5G Advanced starts the era of wireless AI, focusing on use cases that can bring immediate benefits

FOUR

Qualcomm is driving foundational wireless AI innovations leading towards an AI-native 6G

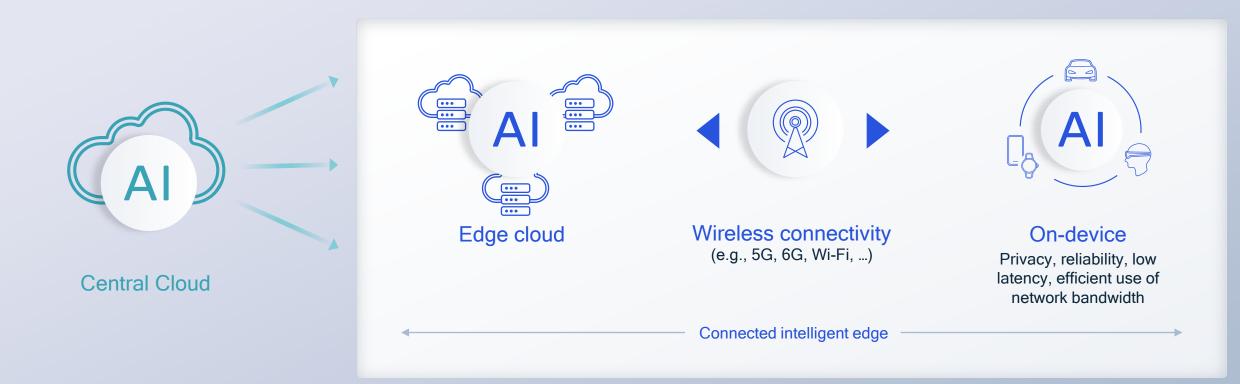
FIVE

Questions?



The rise of AI brings a unique opportunity to revolutionize the future of wireless technology

To scale efficiently, AI processing is expanding towards the edge



Qualcomm is leading the realization of the connected intelligent edge

CONVERGENCE OF:

Wireless connectivity Efficient computing

Distributed AI Unleashing massive amount of data to fuel our digital future

Wireless

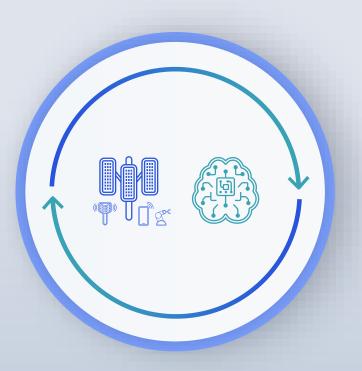
strengths

Design driven by tractable mathematical models

Interpretable solutions

Good generalization under different deployment conditions

Simple model adaptation



AI strengths

Design with real world priors, fast and flexible models Accurate prediction in complex tasks

Accurate modeling of generative process

Sensing and perception

Wireless and AI have complementary strengths

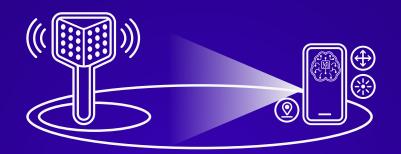




Al hardware acceleration for superior 5G performance

* Compared to Snapdragon X70 Modem-RF System
¹ Compared to non-Al-based location tracking; Under typical GNSS-challenged dense urban canyon environment
Snapdragon is a product of Qualcomm Technologies, Inc. and/or its subsidiaries.





Al-based mmWave beam management

1st sensor-modem-RF fusion solution for mmWave beam processing Up to **25%** higher received power^{*} for increased mmWave robustness Al-enhanced GNSS Location Gen 2

Up to

//improved location >
//improved locati



Applying AI to solve difficult wireless challenges

Deep wireless domain knowledge is required to optimally use AI capabilities

Our AI research areas to advance wireless communication





Signal intelligence, baseband and medium access

ML-based channel feedback Channel estimation & pilot optimization MIMO detection Link prediction & adaptation Beam management and optimization Spectrum sensing and sharing Radio resource scheduling



Network intelligence and system optimization

Coverage and capacity optimization Traffic and mobility prediction Energy saving Cooperative edge caching Content-aware X-layer optimization Enhanced personalized security TCP optimization



Device intelligence and optimization

Digital front-end optimization Antenna and RF optimization Full duplex Battery saving Reflective intelligent surface



Vertical intelligence and other capabilities

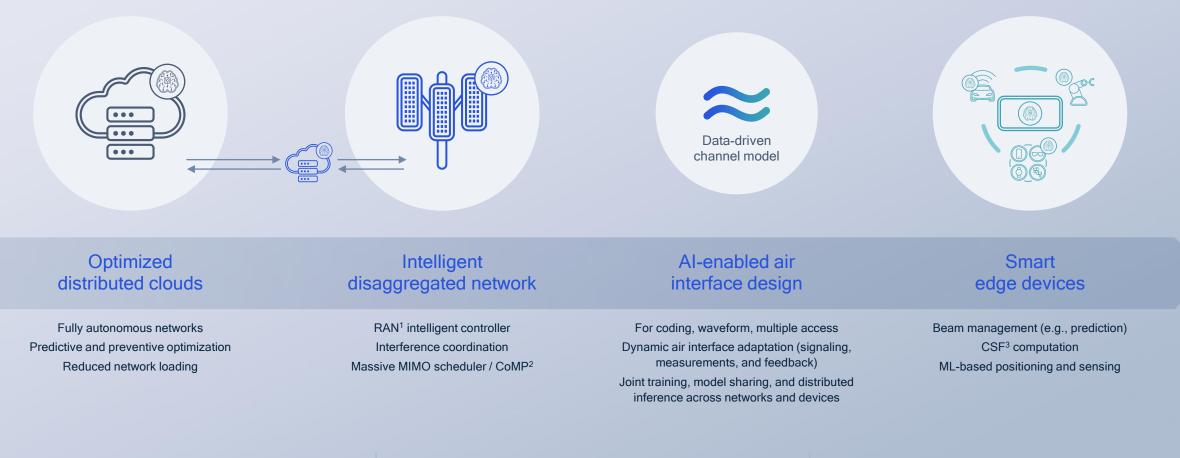
> High-precision positioning Environmental sensing Contextual awareness Sensor fusion Vehicular communication

Al plays an essential role in every part of the cellular system

Transforming how it evolves going forward

End-to-end AI working together to realize system gains

AI = the common ingredient of wireless innovations



Efficient network planning

Continuous operational optimization

Enhanced service experience



Machine learning can offer continuous wireless enhancements

Al-native air interface design can enable continual system improvements in between major 3GPP releases through self-learning

 CURRENT 3GPP RELEASE PROCESS

 Release X
 Approximately 1.5-year cycle
 Release X+1

No standardized improvement during nominal Work/study item phase towards subsequent release



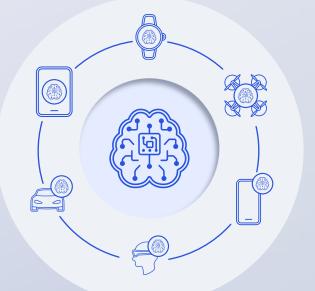
Data-driven communication and network design

Data-driven system configuration provides end-to-end optimizations

Dynamic parameter adaptation based on fast machine learning algorithms

Neural network system design can customize to given wireless environment

On-device AI improves the 5G end-to-end system





Enhanced device experience

More intelligent beamforming and power management improve throughput, robustness, and battery life



Improved system performance

On-device inference reduces network data traffic for more efficient mobility and spectrum utilization



Better radio security

Detecting and defending against malicious base station spoofing and jamming with fingerprinting

Radio awareness

Environmental and contextual sensing that reduces access overhead and latency

Al enables intelligent 5G network management

Enhanced service quality

Better mobility management, user localization, and user behavior and demand prediction

Higher network efficiency

More efficient scheduling, radio resource utilization, congestion control and routing



Simplified deployment

More capable Self Organizing Networks (SON) for e.g., mmWave network densification

Improved network security

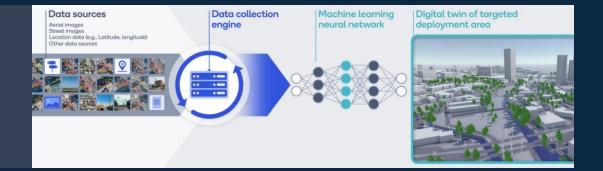
More effective detection and defense against malicious attacks by analyzing a massive quantity of data

Intelligent 5G mmWave network planning

Creating the digital twin

Fusing a variety of GIS and image sources via ML to arrive at such digital twin, in our example, of Manchester, England

Making use of readily available image sources and robust object detection/localization methods to create a representation with consistent locations and dimensions (e.g., poles, buildings, foliage)







Planning for network deployment

Running propagation modeling with pertinent RF parameters and an efficient optimization engine that identifies optimal placement of base stations to achieve a target throughput or coverage objective

Delivering enhanced user experience

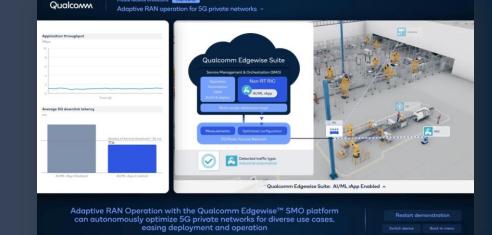
Showcasing exceptional performance (e.g., downlink user throughput) on several walk paths (e.g., from the train station to the Manchester United football stadium

Intelligent network optimization for 5G private networks

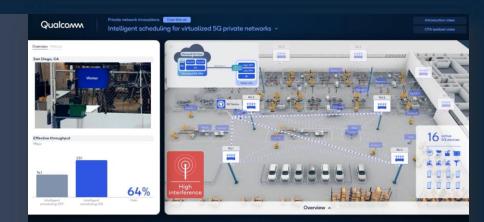
Adaptive RAN operation for 5G private networks

Using our indoor IIoT OTA testbed with Qualcomm Edgewise[™] Suite, featuring a SMO platform with a RIC that runs adaptive operations

Highlighting how RAN operation can be optimized for different traffic profiles (e.g., AGV, XR) to meet stringent QoS requirements (e.g., data throughput, latency)



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With RAN intelligence for predicting interference and channel capacity more accuratel 5G networks can efficiently serve more devices for demanding use cases like mission critical IoT and extended reality Display factory operation

Intelligent scheduling for virtualized 5G private networks

Utilizing our indoor IIoT OTA testbed to showcase a virtualized 5G private network with 3GPP & O-RAN disaggregation, benefits of ML-based interference prediction, and deployment scalability

5G ADVANCED

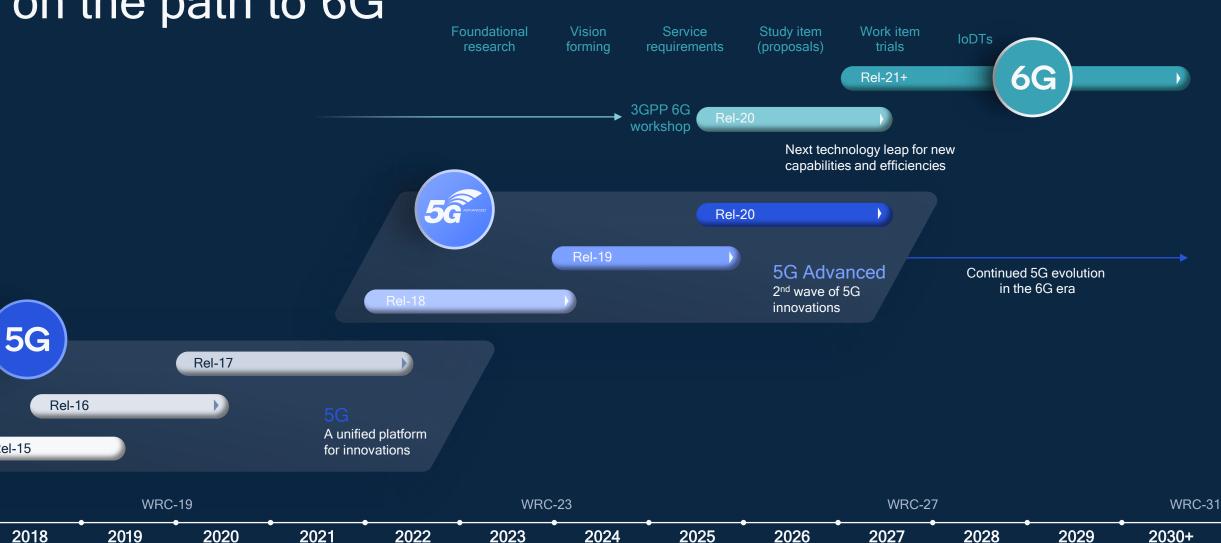
3GPP Release 18+

5G Advanced starts the era of wireless Al

Focusing on key use cases that can bring immediate benefits

5G Advanced on the path to 6G

Rel-15



Completed the groundwork for wireless AI – ready for 5G Advanced

^{3GPP Release 16} Data collection for network performance enhancements

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Enhanced Network Automation (eNA) Expanding NWDAF¹ for data collection and exposure from/to 5G core NF, AF, OAM², data repositories



Minimization of Drive Testing (MDT)

Specifying features for identified use cases, including, QoS verification, coverage optimization, location reporting, sensor data collection



Self Organizing Network (SON)

Specifying device reporting needed to enhance network configurations and inter-node information exchange

3GPP Release 17 Expanding 5G system support for wireless AI



Enhancements for 5G network interfaces

Facilitating machine learning procedures, e.g., model training and inference, as well as actions to enforce model inference output

Augmented network & device data collection

Supporting targeted applications, e.g., energy saving, load balancing, mobility management, operations enhancements, expanded use case³

Support for over-the-top AI services

Introducing new QoS definitions that are tailored for machine learning model delivery over 5G



3GPP Release 18 sets off the 5G Advanced Evolution

Strengthen the end-to-end 5G system foundation

 \rightarrow

Advanced DL/UL MIMO

Enhanced IO mobility $((\bigcirc)) \leftrightarrow ((\bigcirc))$

Mobile IAB, smart repeater Proliferate 5G to virtually all devices and use cases

Boundless

extended reality

NR-Light (RedCap) evolution Expanded sidelink

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DVANCED

Evolved duplexing



AI/ML air interface

Green networks \bigcirc

Expanded positioning

Drones & expanded satellites comm.

Multicast & other enhancements

5G NR Release 18 Scope

AI/ML-enabled air interface design



Use cases

AI/ML models

Enhanced CSI² feedback, beam management, and positioning accuracy

Collaboration models, life cycle

management, and algorithms

Evaluation methodology



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Impact assessment



Spec changes needed to support identified use cases, covering multiple aspects

Existing 3GPP framework and field data to

assess performance and identify KPIs

AI/ML framework for next-gen RAN



Network optimization

Data collection and signaling support for energy saving, load balancing, mobility optimization

Future study

New use cases (e.g., AI/ML for slicing, QoE¹), network functionality and interface procedures

5G Advanced evolution will expand wireless ML to the end-to-end system across RAN, device, and air interface



Network architecture enhancements

ML to run over different HW/SW and future RAN function split to improve flexibility and efficiency

AI/ML procedure enhancements



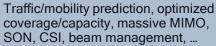
Model management, training (e.g., federated and reinforced learning), and inference

Data management enhancements



ML data storage/access, data registration/discovery, and data request/subscription

New and expanded use cases



Source: RP-213599 (AI/ML for NR Air Interface), RP-213602 (AI/ML for NG-RAN)
¹ Quality of Experience; ² Channel State Information

Working together across the

connected intelligent edge

Channel feedback

More efficient, predictive Channel State Information (CSI) feedback can improve user downlink throughput and reduce uplink overhead

Beam management

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Beam prediction in time/spatial domain for overhead and latency reduction, improving beam selection accuracy, especially useful for mmWave systems

Precise positioning

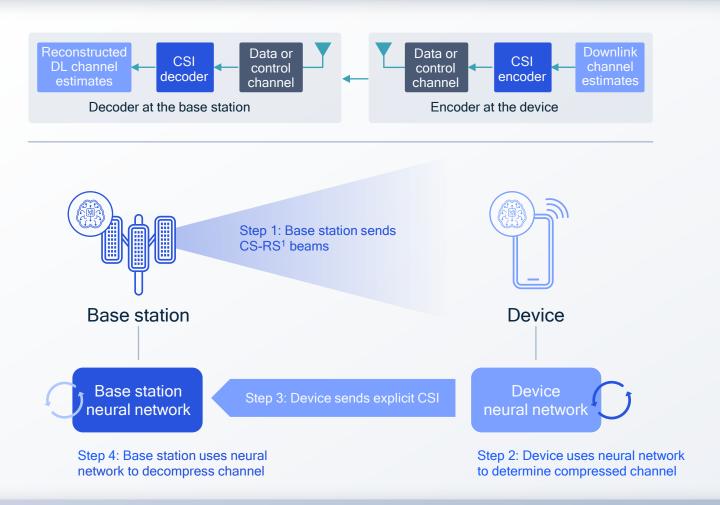
Positioning accuracy enhancements for different indoor and outdoor scenarios including, e.g., those with heavy nonline-of-sight conditions

Release18 focuses on three key wireless AI use cases

But many more potential use cases for the future

Cross-node machine learning based channel state information

Explicit channel feedback framework for CSI compression and prediction utilizing domain knowledge and neural networks



Improve system efficiency with neural network framework for CSI on non-linear encoding and decoding

More effective multi-user multiplexing minimizing interference

Customized, lower overhead feedback based on individual device

Using AI to improve channel state feedback



MWC'21: System simulation

Simulated ML-based CSF in a wide-area 3.5 GHz massive MIMO environment, demonstrated improved user downlink throughput and reducing uplink overhead



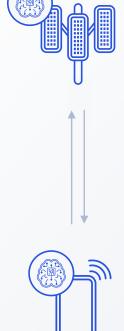


Machine Learning (ML) based explicit Channel State Feedback (CSF) leads to better downlink performance at lower uplink overhead





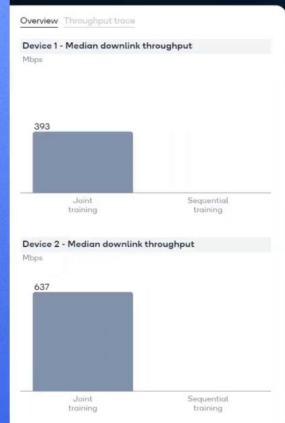
The adaptive neural network delivers high performance with reduced feedback overhead in LOS conditions



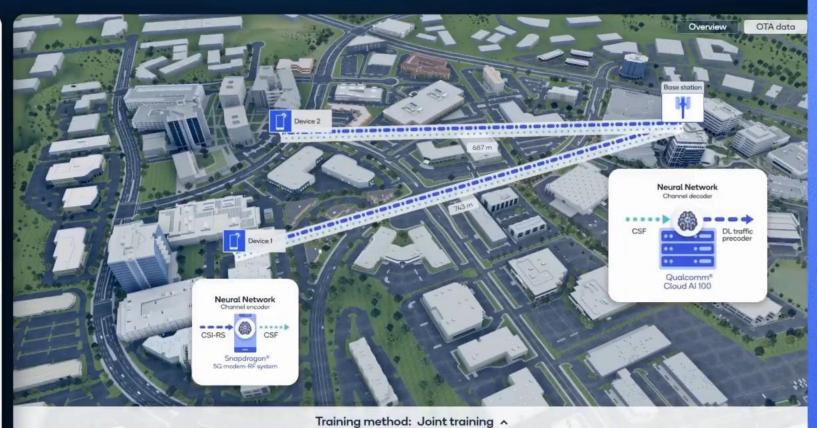
MWC'22: OTA testing

Utilizing our indoor IIoT OTA testbed to showcase a virtualized 5G private network with 3GPP & O-RAN disaggregation, benefits of ML-based interference prediction, and deployment scalability

Multi-vendor cross-node ML-based channel state feedback 👻



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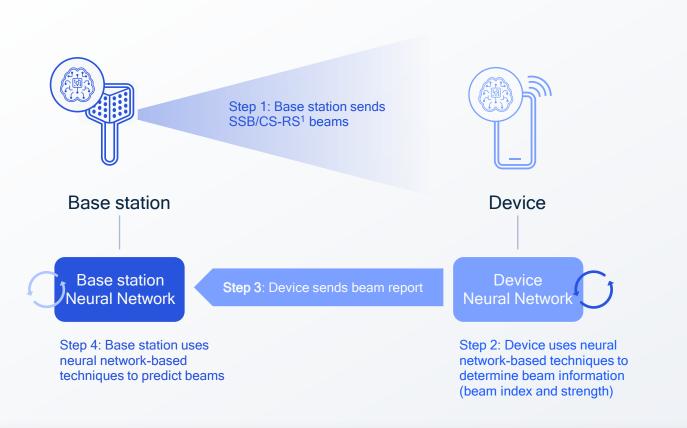
Joint training for neural network encoder and decoder requires knowledge of both neural network structures - not desirable for multi-vendor deployment

Next: Sequential training

Change training method

Machine learning based mmWave beam management

Beam prediction utilizing domain knowledge, location, velocity, other aspects of environmental and application awareness to improve robustness and throughput



Reduced feedback overhead and transmission from device

Reduced transmission of reference signal from base station

Efficient beam tracking and beam search for higher performance

Using AI to enhance mmWave beam management



PAST DEMONSTRATIONS

MWC'21: beam prediction

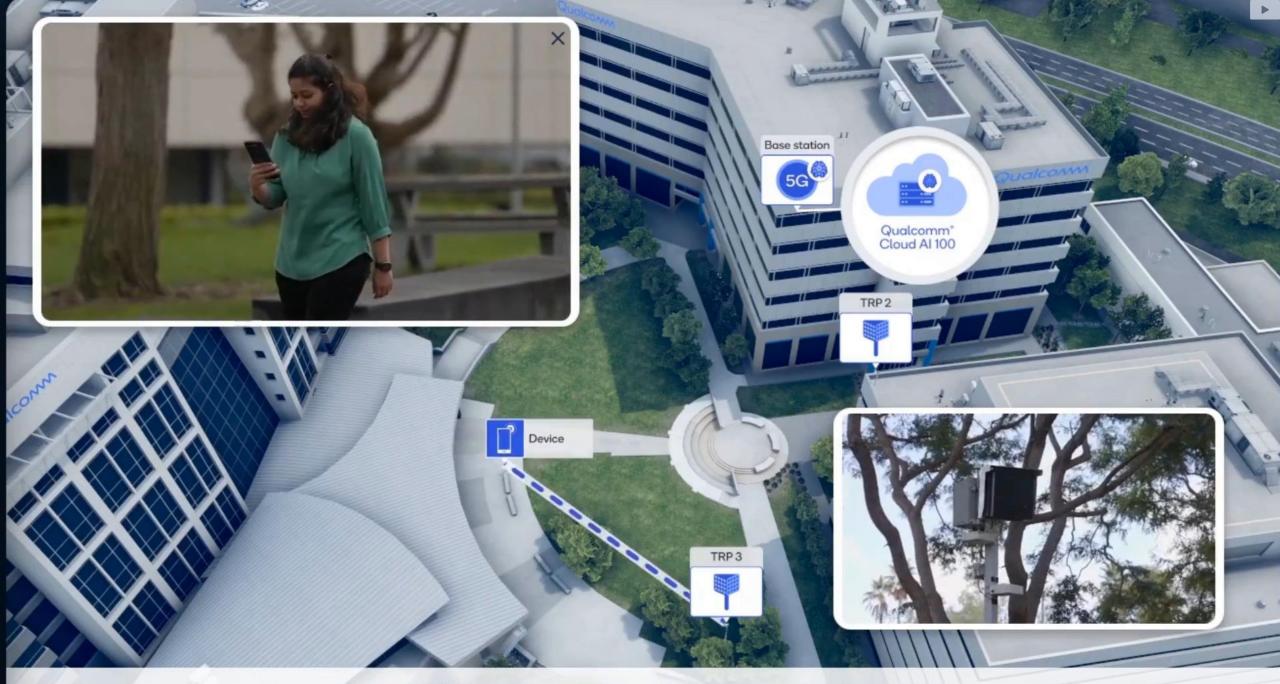
Implemented in our 28 GHz OTA test network machine learning based beam prediction that can increase system capacity and device battery life





MWC'22: gain quantification 🕨

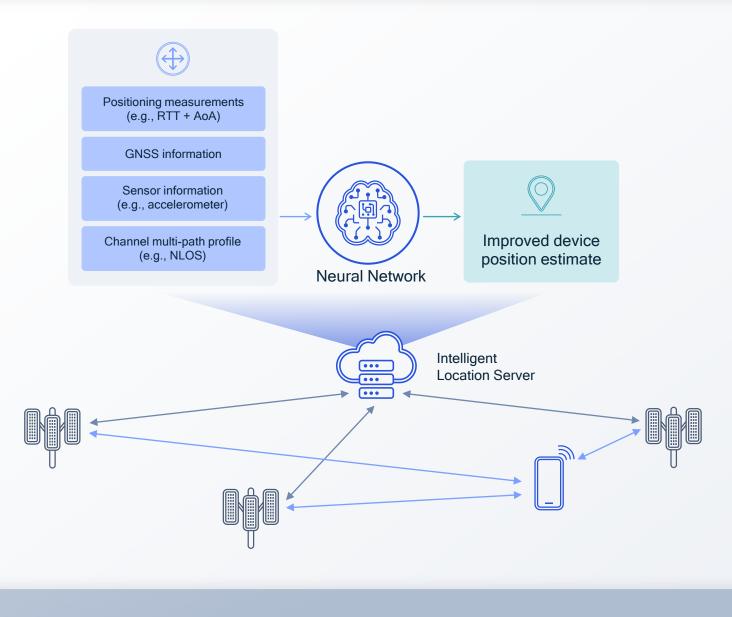
Expanded our OTA prototype of base station-side beam prediction, quantitatively showcased improved usable capacity and extended device battery life, utilizing Qualcomm® Cloud AI 100 platform and Snapdragon® Modem-RF system



Beam prediction: Base station-side with dynamic interpolation

Al/ML for enhanced positioning and RF sensing performance

Supplemented by various assisting information, such as GNSS, multi-path profiles, and other sensors



Using AI to enhance positioning and RF sensing accuracy

PAST DEMONSTRATIONS

MWC'21: 5G RTT+AoA 🕨

Implemented in our 3.5 GHz OTA test network machine learning based wide-area 5G positioning using RTT+AoA with GNSS sensor fusion

MWC'21: Wi-Fi indoor 🕨

Leveraged unsupervised/weakly supervised learning – also applicable to 5G RF sensing (e.g., for positioning, motion and gesture detection)





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Intelligent Industrial Positioning

Over-the-air

Multipath

Numerous indoor surfaces generate multiple reflections

Non-line of sight (NLOS)

Variety of indoor obstructions block line of sight





Further evolving wireless AI in 5G Advanced

Potential work items for Release 19 and beyond

Realizing the key use cases studied in Release 18

Potential Release 19 work items



Two-sided CSI¹ with spatial/frequency-domain compression and time-domain prediction



Beam management with spatial-domain and time-domain prediction



Direct and Al-assisted positioning accuracy enhancements

Specifying protocol and signaling to enable wireless AI



Device capability signaling, including model and functionality identification



Life Cycle Management including Model ID and AI/ML functionality related procedures: e.g., configuration, activation, deactivation, switching, fallback



Data/measurement reporting as input to inference

Also exploring additional use cases on the path to 6G...



Such as inter-cell beam management, mobility management, new learning framework, and more...

We are driving foundational wireless Al innovations leading towards an Al-native 6G

Leading wireless research for 5G Advanced and 6G

Drive cutting-edge foundational technology advancements and system innovations Validate system designs via comprehensive simulations and overthe-air prototypes

2

Lead global technology standardization with broad ecosystem collaborations

3

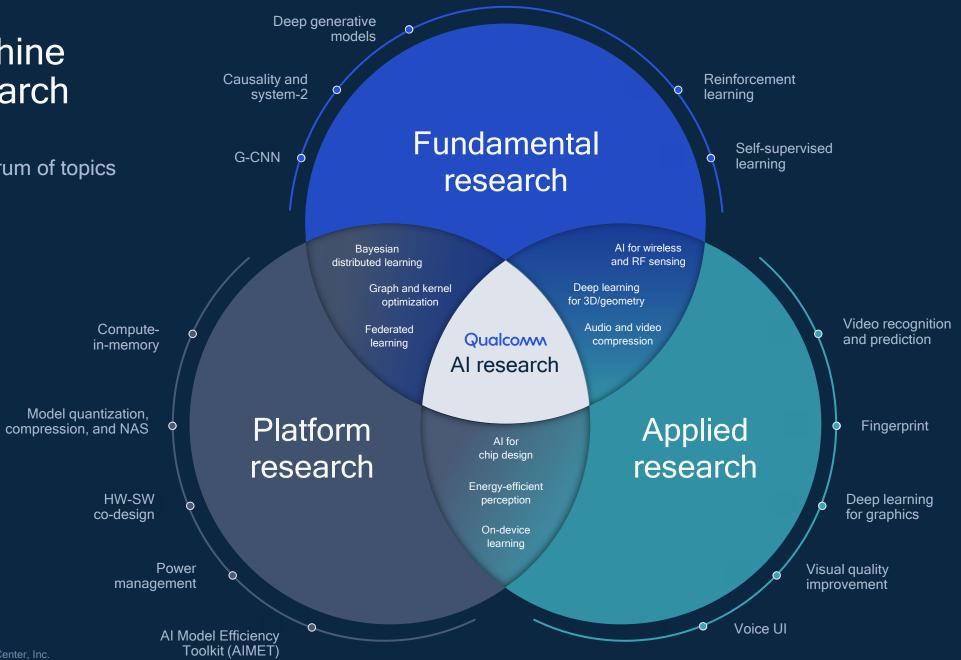
Jalcomm 5G

Prepare for commercialization at scale in future products and services

4

Leading machine learning research for edge Al

across the entire spectrum of topics



AIMET is a product of Qualcomm Innovation Center, Inc. Qualcomm AI Research is an initiative of Qualcomm Technologies, Inc.

Key longer-term research vectors enabling the path towards 6G



Key longer-term research vectors enabling the path towards 6G



Al-native E2E communications

Data-driven communication and network design, with joint training, model sharing and distributed inference across networks and devices

Expanding into new spectrum bands

Expanding to THz, wide-area expansion to higher bands, new spectrum sharing paradigm, dynamic coordination with environmental awareness



Merging of worlds

Physical, digital, virtual, immersive interactions taking human augmentation to next level via ubiquitous, low-power joint communication and sensing



Scalable network architecture

Disaggregation and virtualization at the connected intelligent edge, use of advanced topologies to address growing demand

Air interface innovations



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Evolution of duplexing schemes, Giga-MIMO, mmWave evolution, reconfigurable intelligent surfaces, non-terrestrial communications, waveform/coding for MHz to THz, system energy efficiency

Communications resiliency

Multifaceted trust and configurable security, post quantum security, robust networks tolerant to failures and attacks



Evolving towards an AI-native wireless system

Multiple wireless AI/ML training and inference scenarios



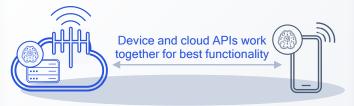
ML operates independently at the device and network as an optimization of existing functions

Proprietary ML procedures including model development and management

Proprietary and standardized data collection used as input to training

Cross-node AI/ML

COORDINATED BETWEEN DEVICE AND NETWORK



ML operates in a coordinated manner between the device and network

Proprietary and standardized ML procedures including model development and management

Further data collection used as input to training as well as monitoring

Native AI/ML

AT ALL DEVICE AND NETWORK LAYERS



ML operates autonomously between the device and network across all protocols and layers

Integrated ML procedures across to train performance and adapt to different environments

Data fusion for integrated dynamic ML lifecycle management





6G

Generative Al

Creating new and original content for innovative consumer and enterprise use cases (e.g., text, images, video, audio, and other data)

SOME GOOD EXAMPLES...

Large language models for text generation (e.g., ChatGPT, BARD)

Diffusion models for image generation (e.g., Stable Diffusion, DALL-E2)





Stable Diffusion images generated on an Android phone powered by Snapdragon, with the prompt: "Super cute fluffy cat warrior in armor, photorealistic, 4K, ultra detailed, vray rendering."

World's first on-device demo of Stable Diffusion running on an Android phone

1B+ parameter generative AI model runs efficiently and interactively

Full-stack AI optimization to achieve sub-15 second latency for 20 inference steps

Enhanced privacy, security, reliability, and cost with ondevice processing

Fast time-to-market enabled by Qualcomm AI Research and Qualcomm[®] AI Stack



Applying generative modeling to improve wireless communications system design

Wide applicability for Generative Modeling



Real-time use cases for air interface

Propagation channel Beam management Interference prediction

Scheduler optimization Traffic source Mobility enhancement

Application examples

Channel rendering



Text description of image or semantic map



Diffusion model (To generate channel information)



Channel sampled from a conditional distribution P (h | conditioning from inputs, location)

Link / system simulation Deployment optimization Positioning and sensing Network and device optimization Others...

Network / device prediction

Context in text, e.g., history of device reports and base station responses



Large language model To learn link, beam, protocol languages

Next action for base station and/or device, sampled from a conditional distribution P (next action | conditioning from inputs)

Our on-going wireless generative Al research areas

3D mapping and material learning

Foundation models (e.g., link and protocol level use cases, beam prediction, and others)

Neural channel rendering (e.g., map-based, ray tracer augmented, site-specific, and others)

Customized ML-based stochastic channel

Neural surrogate for base station scheduler and applications traffic

And others...

Driving the 5G Advanced technology evolution into 6G

Next technology leap for new capabilities and efficiencies

Foundational research, vision, requirements, etc.

6G Rel-2 New ir

Rel-21 and beyond New innovation platform

Historically 10 years between generations

Technology foundation for the next generation

5G Rel-15 eMBB focus

A key enabler of the connected

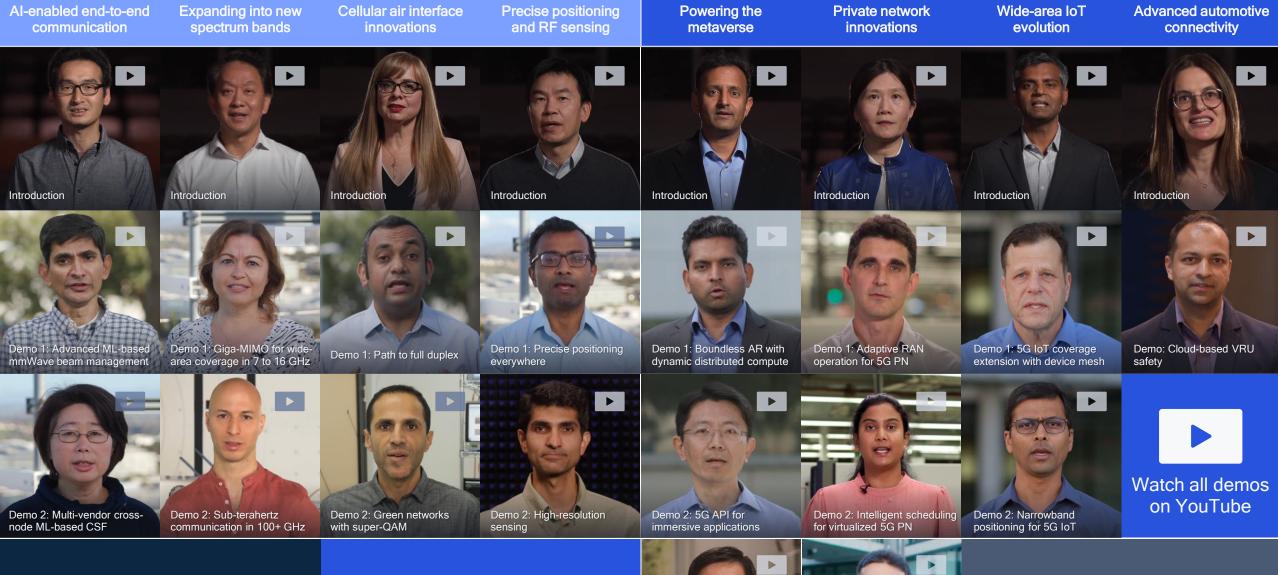
intelligent edge

Rel-16 and 17 expanding to new industries



Rel-18, 19. 20 and beyond Continued 5G evolution and proliferation

Strong 5G momentum sets stage for global expansion



Building a stronger, more capable wireless system foundation

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Demo 3: Perception-assisted 5G for enhanced XR

Demo 3: Multi-AP joint transmission for Wi-Fi

Taking 5G to new, more diverse verticals and use cases



Towards an Al-native communications system design

A closer look at how AI can meaningfully improve wireless performance starting with 5G Advanced



The rise of AI brings a unique opportunity to revolutionize the future of wireless technology



Al plays an essential role in every part of the cellular system, transforming the way it evolves going forward



5G Advanced starts the era of wireless AI, focusing on use cases that can bring immediate benefits

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Qualcomm is driving foundational wireless AI innovations leading towards an AI-native 6G

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